# Overview of Teacher Compensation Issues

Prepared for the Washington Learns K-12 Advisory Committee

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  - A knowledge and skills-based salary structure
  - Performance bonuses based on improved student achievement



# 1. Reasons to Change the Schedule

- Our primary education goal improved student achievement
- Requirements for teaching in a standards based system are different, existing SAM doesn't reward attainment of needed knowledge and skills
- The pay structure must insure that there is a high quality teacher in every classroom, including urban and rural classrooms, math and science classrooms, high poverty school classrooms
- Each teacher must have the instructional expertise to teach students to rigorous performance standards, including the ability to use content to solve real world problems



# Current Compensation Structure is Not Linked to Current Goals

- Top education goal is improved student academic achievement
- Elements in current schedule
   – years of experience,
   education units and degrees while key variables are not or are only loosely linked to that goal
  - Use elements that are linked to student learning gains teacher knowledge, skills and instructional expertise
- No pay element directly linked to improved student achievement
  - Consider creating such a new pay element



# 2. Goals and Objectives for Teacher Compensation

- Recruit and retain high quality teachers
  - In all districts
  - In places experiencing shortages
    - Urban and some rural districts
    - Some content areas math, science, technology, etc.
- Enhance the instructional expertise of all teachers to world class levels, with a focus on problem solving and application
- Have teachers focus like a laser on improving student academic achievement



# Specific Objectives to Attain Goals

- Set market competitive salary levels education and the broad labor market as well
- Identify the wage premiums needed in shortage areas – urban/rural, math and science, high poverty schools
- Identify an instructional vision that can attain these goals and an aligned performance assessment system, and use the results in a new pay structure
- Incorporate student performance targets into a new teacher pay element



#### 3. Elements of Teacher Compensation

- Base Pay\*
- Variable Pay\*
- Base pay + Variable Pay = CashCompensation
- Benefits
- Career Opportunity
- Working Conditions addressed by adequacy proposals

\*Pay elements on which we will work



#### Base Pay

- The monthly check the most important aspect of pay
- Beginning pay critical for recruiting new individuals to teaching
- Average pay critical for retaining teachers in the system, especially the best teachers
- Base pay progression what earns the annual raise – replace or augment years and degrees with knowledge, skills and instructional expertise



### Variable Pay

- Based on organizational performance <u>increased</u> student academic achievement
- Provided as an annual bonus not added to base pay
- Variable because the bonus is paid only if the performance improvement is made
- Important when improved organizational performance is critical – which is the case today in education



# Other Pay Elements

- Benefits teacher benefits are generally quite good relative to other occupations
- Career Opportunities will be included in the knowledge and skills-based structure we propose
- Working conditions addressed by all the evidence-based recommendations



# 4a. Setting Pay Levels

- Compare teachers to the overall labor market – 12-15 regions within Washington
- Compare to jobs with similar knowledge, skills, and work activities
- Professor Jennifer Imazeki is conducting a labor market analysis – results in April



# 4a. Setting Pay Levels for Teachers as a Whole

- Five categories of jobs similar to teaching:
  - Other types of teaching adult education teachers, vocational ed teachers, pre school teachers, etc.
  - College teachers, mainly community, 2 year and 4 year colleges
  - Occupations related to teaching: training specialists and managers, extension agents, librarians
  - Social workers, counselors, psychologists
  - Health care occupations like nurses, physical therapists, audiologists, nutritionists, pharmacists



# 4b. Wage Premiums: for Subject Areas Shortages

- Jobs similar to math, science and technology teachers
  - Accountants
  - Engineers
  - Computer/information technology
  - Professional level sales
  - Science e.g., food scientists, zoologists, foresters, medical scientists, space scientists, chemists, environmental scientists



# 4c. Base Pay Progression: A Knowledge and Skills Structure

- Make improved instructional expertise the primary factor that produces pay increases over time
- Include other factors as well
- Bias the structure towards factor that research shows is linked to student learning gains



# Base Pay Progression

- Should base pay progression be linked to student learning gains?
- NO
- Base pay is the part of the compensation system where the system is "buying" teacher assets
  - Need to buy assets that matter
  - Key asset today is instructional expertise
- Variable pay is the element linked to student achievement



#### However .....

- Consider adding a base pay progression element that is linked to student learning gains
  - Yes, it can not affect all teachers
  - Yes, it is very controversial
  - Yes, there are technical design challenges
  - BUT, it provides political cover -- DENVER



#### Possible KSBP Structure



	Stop	Bachelors Degree		Masters Degree		M+60/Doctorate	
	Step Within Level	w/o NBC	w/ NBC	w/o NBC	w/ NBC	w/o NBC	w/ NBC
Entry	1	\$30,383		\$33,421		\$36,763	
	2	\$30,839		\$33,923		\$37,315	
	3	\$31,301		\$34,431		\$37,875	
Emerging Career	1	\$34,431	\$40,431	\$37,875	\$43,875	\$41,662	\$47,662
	2	\$34,948	\$40,948	\$38,443	\$44,443	\$42,287	\$48,287
	3	\$35,472	\$41,472	\$39,019	\$45,019	\$42,921	\$48,921
	4	\$36,004	\$42,004	\$39,605	\$45,605	\$43,565	\$49,565
	5	\$36,544	\$42,544	\$40,199	\$46,199	\$44,219	\$50,219
	6	\$37,092	\$43,092	\$40,802	\$46,802	\$44,882	\$50,882
Career	1	\$40,802	\$46,802	\$44,882	\$50,882	\$49,370	\$55,370
	2	\$41,414	\$47,414	\$45,555	\$51,555	\$50,111	\$56,111
	3	\$42,035	\$48,035	\$46,238	\$52,238	\$50,862	\$56,862
	4	\$42,665	\$48,665	\$46,932	\$52,932	\$51,625	\$57,625
	5	\$43,305	\$49,305	\$47,636	\$53,636	\$52,400	\$58,400
	6	\$43,955	\$49,955	\$48,351	\$54,351	\$53,186	\$59,186
Master	1	\$48,351	\$54,351	\$53,186	\$59,186	\$58,504	\$64,504
	2	\$49,076	\$55,076	\$53,983	\$59,983	\$59,382	\$65,382
	3	\$49,812	\$55,812	\$54,793	\$60,793	\$60,272	\$66,272
	4	\$50,559	\$56,559	\$55,615	\$61,615	\$61,177	\$67,177
	5	\$51,317	\$57,317	\$56,449	\$62,449	\$62,094	\$68,094
	6	\$52,087	\$58,087	\$57,296	\$63,296	\$63,026	\$69,026

Beginning Salary\$30,383Percent Increase for Step1.5%Percent Increase for Skill Level10.0%Percent for Degree10.0%National Board Certification (NBC)\$6,000

### Aspects of this New Structure

- Major pay increase is based on instructional performance – 10 % between categories
- Some step increases 1.5 %
- Pay can top out at different levels if instructional performance does not increase
- Includes wage premiums for math, science, MA, Doctorate, and National Board Certification
- Needs operating and transition rules
  - Key principle: move everyone on at current pay level



# Who Should Develop the Performance Assessment System?

- The STATE with district/association involvement
- Districts need support and pooled expertise to create a sustainable system
- System should also be linked to the two tiered licensure system
- A common evaluation system allows comparability between districts if some pay elements are designed locally
- In this way, the state can sponsor an ambitious instructional vision, one that can educate students to world class levels



# 4c. A Variable Pay Element

- Linked to organizational, usually school, performance – student achievement
- Based on IMPROVEMENTS in student achievement – above historical trends
- Annual bonus
  - Needs to be re earned each year
  - Each year the target is raised
  - So bolsters schools as continuous improvement



# Nine Key Design Issues

- 1. Identify key performance elements mostly student academic achievement
- 2. Determine how they will be measured– WASL tests, plus ?
- 3. Determine how to calculate improvement simple change, change to a standard (AYP), value added above measurement error



### Nine Key Design Issues ......

- 4. Create a level playing field mobility, poverty, ELL, etc.
- 5. Specify as a bonus, not addition to base pay
- 6. How large 4-8 percent, so \$2000-4000, and best to have multiple awards – threshold, target, above target
  - -- Use of a balanced scorecard



### Nine Key Design Issues ......

- 7. Awards to everyone in a school or to individual teachers
  - -- Administrators and classified staff too
- 8. Write eligibility rules specify up front as a bonus, do not have each school determine what to do with the money
- Determine strategy if costs exceed budget



#### "Macro" Decision Areas

- Yes, we will provide labor market data
  - Committee will need to decide where it wants
     Washington to be in the market April meeting
- Degree of interest in changing the salary schedule – from the traditional schedule in current allocation model to one based on knowledge and skills
- Degree of interest in wage premiums
- Degree of interest in a variable pay element



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